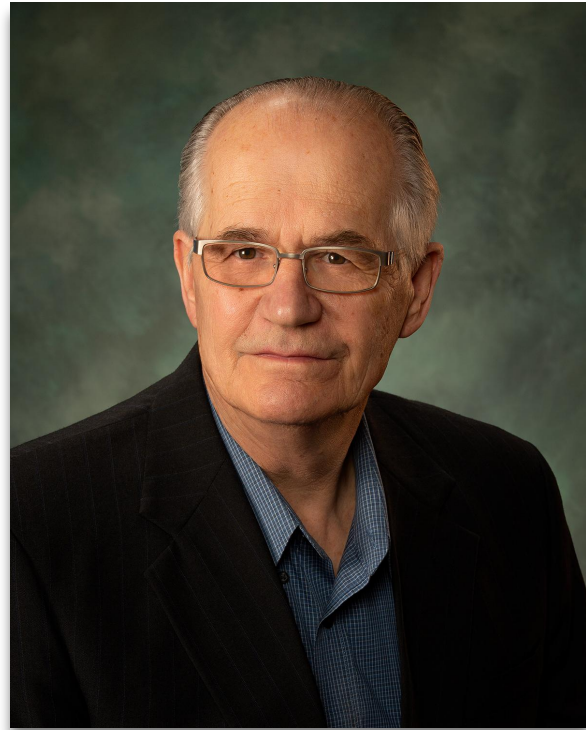


BRUCE WILLIAMS

— BRUCE —
WILLIAMS
AUTHOR, SPEAKER



SUGGESTED TOPICS FOR DISCUSSION

CLIMATE CHANGE & WHY IT IS NOT AS EASY AS YOU MIGHT THINK

Contrary to the present perception of the public, there is no easy answer to how to respond to climate change.

FOSSIL FUELS

Why burning fossil fuels does not significantly affect the percentage of oxygen in the air and will not harm animals or humans.

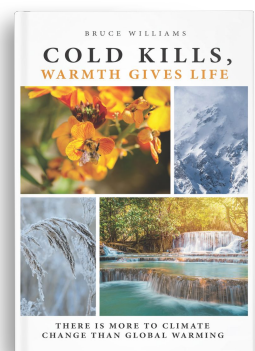
THE BOOK

Cold Kills, Warmth Gives Life

There is More to Climate Change Than Global Warming

Life does better when it is warm on Earth.

It takes energy to live - life thrives in the warmth and struggles in the cold.



For More Information Please Visit: www.ColdKills.com

BRUCE WILLIAMS

SUGGESTED QUESTIONS

- What are the most important indicators that show that cold kills more and that a warmer climate will kill fewer people and animals?
- You mention in the book that this is in no way an attempt to deny that carbon dioxide is a greenhouse gas and warms up when exposed to infrared radiation. Neither is it an attempt to deny that increasing carbon dioxide in the atmosphere changes the climate; or to argue that our climate is not changing. Denying premises backed by experimental results is not only a waste of time but counterproductive. Alternatively, you are questioning how known laws are applied is the foundation of all sciences. Could you explain a little bit more about the premises of your book?
- Based on your book, we may not be able to stop the warming because the primary driver may not be carbon dioxide. And, the idea of using fewer fossil fuels and instead use “renewable” power sources is mostly a psychological battle. What is driving this irrational fear?
- What does Pascal's Wager have to do with global warming?
- What happens if we stop burning fossil fuels and it results in harm? Would it be more harmful than more carbon dioxide in the air?
- We are in the habit of adjusting data to make the real world match the model rather than the other way around. You consider the comparison of what has happened in the past a much more reliable indicator of what will happen in the future rather than relying on a model which cannot
- reproduce the physical world. This is the point that is missed in all the debates on global warming. Do you foresee people responding to reality instead of on the output from a computer programmed by humans any time soon?
- Life needs energy to survive. Basically, we have two sources of energy, geothermal heat and heat from the sun. Could you explain how that affects our climate?
- What would be the effect of carbon dioxide that we humans are putting into the air would have on the plants? Is this carbon dioxide good for plants or bad for plants?
- When the carbon dioxide gets too low, the plants don't grow as big. Which puts lack of food pressure on the animals which causes them to die. What would be the balance point?
- Deliberately decreasing the carbon dioxide or cooling the planet off or lower oxygen to a dangerous level could actually become a major threat. Why is that?
- What about the rate of climate change? Can it cause extinction?
- Although it is easy to draw the conclusion that carbon dioxide or its effects were the cause of the loss of glaciation, we all know that correlation is not causation. Is there anything that would indicate it was not primarily the carbon dioxide that caused the change?